



## University of Prizren- Faculty of Law

<b>TEACHING PROGRAM - SYLLABUS</b>								
Level of Studies		Bachelor	Program		Law	Academic Year		2018/19
Subject		Civil Law general part						
Year	II- nd	Status of Subject	Obligatory	Code	///	ECTS credit		7
Semestre	III		Teaching week		15	Teaching hours - 45		Lecture 45
Teaching Methodology		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Taching Methodology will consist in lecturing of the subject in clear and understandable way for students as well as in-deep analyses of relevant topics;</li> <li>The Lecture will be presented according to interactive method (socratic).</li> </ul>						
Consultations		Students have the opportunity to consult on the subject via e-mail and by phone. Also, after each lecture have the opportunity of consulting.						
Professor		Muharrem Faiku		e-mail				
				Tel.				
Assistant		Shanoela Zace		e-mail		///		
				Tel.		///		

Subject Study Objectives	Benifits from Students
<p>The purpose of this module is for students of the second year of the Faculty of Law to provide you with insight into the issues civil law in general. This course for students will provide very important knowledge on Skills- Jurisdiction and the ability to act, then, it will be taught about the basic institutions of law</p>	<p>Upon completion of this course, the student will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Describe the position of the Civil Law in the General System of Justice,</li> <li>2. To be able to describe the functioning of legal-private relations,</li> <li>3. Will be able to compare civil law institutions,</li> <li>4. Be able to develop the idea of ways to create, develop and change the legal system in general.</li> </ol>

Civil Property, Possession, Servitude, Right Pledge, Mortgage Representation, Legal Action, Legal-Civil Relations, Classification of Rights Subjective Civil, Sources of Civil Law.	
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<b>The methodology for the implementation of teaching topics:</b>			
Class , projector, laptop, flipchart, table for flipchart and ,marcers.			
<b>The way of assessing student ( in%)</b>			
<b>Method</b>	<b>Number of activities</b>	<b>Percentage (%)</b>	<b>Assessment in %</b>
			<b>The final grade</b>
			<b>Exam- for passing</b>
			53 % - 60%
Tests (Kuize)	2	5	61% - 70%
			71% - 80%
Group projects	1	5	81% - 90%
			91% - 100%
Colloquium	1	20	
Presentation of Work	1	10	<b>Colloquium- passing percentage</b>
Participation	1	10	-51% ...
Final exam	1	50	
<b>Totali</b>		<b>100</b>	
<b>Obligations of student:</b>			
<b>Lectures:</b>		<b>Exercises</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Continous of classes</li> <li>- Active participation in discussion for presentet topics</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Continous of classes</li> <li>- Research writing work and seminars and presenting of topics in front of students;</li> </ul>	

**With 7 credit ECTS**

<b>Student workload for the course</b>			
<b>Activity</b>	<b>Hours</b>	<b>Day/Week</b>	<b>Total:</b>
Lectures	3	15 week	45 hour
Exercises	2	15	30
Practice work			

Contact with the lecturer/Consultations	0,5	15 week	7.5 hour
Field exercises			
Seminairs	0.5	15 week	7.5
Homework			
Self-Study time	3	15 week	45
Final preparation for the exam	3	15 week	30
Time spent of assessement (test, quizzes and final exam)			5
Projects, presentations...etc.			5
<b>Remark: 1 ECTS credit=25 commitment hours ,e.i. if the subject has 6 ECTS credit students have to be active during the semester 150 hours.</b>		<b>Total workload</b>	<b>175</b>

Week	Lecture	Exercises	
	Topic	Hours	Hours
1.	-The notion and title of Civil Law. - Object and Principles of Civil Law. - Principles of Real Rights. -Partial law provisions. -parliamentary rights.	2	
2.	- Civil law systems and basic civil law institutions. - Historical development of civil law. Civil Law and the Most Important Codifications in the World. -The relations of civil law with other branches of law.	2	
3.	- Legal norms (meaning). -Sharing legal norms, in prohibitive, binding, authorizing, imperative, provisions (separation between true norms and supplementary norms), other types of norms.	1	1
4.	- Interpretation and types of interpretation of legal norms (meaning interpretation of norms, different theories regarding interpretation of norms). - Types of interpretation. Interpretation by the subject that rendered the interpretation of the norm (legal, linguistic and doctrinal interpretation). - Interpretation methods according to the method and technique used for the	2	

	<p>interpretation of the legal norm (grammatical, logical, historical, systematic, intentional, extended and narrow interpretation). - Analogies and types of analogy, the meaning of analogy, the main types (legal and legal).</p>			
5.	<p>- Civil Law Enforcement. -Results of Civil Law in Contemporary Law. - Civil rights in Kosovo during Ottoman rule (unpublished sources, customary law, and shari'ah). - Civil Law Enforcement in Kosovo from 1912-1990. -Results of civil law in Kosovo after 1990.</p>	1		1
6.	<p>Civil-legal relationship - Civil law in an objective and subjective sense. - Forhood, legal status, legal position. -The subjects of the law (generally on subjects of law, legal capacity, ability to act and torture ability). - Physical persons (legal capacity of a natural person, death as a legal fact, declaration of the missing person to die, as a legal fact for the abolition of legal capacity, procedures and consequences of proclaiming the missing person to die). -The ability to act of a physical person (full ability to act, disability, and lack of ability to act). -The physical person's pernicious abilities. - Physical person attributes (name, residence, place of residence, citizenship). -The founding registrars of the registrar (birth, married, deceased).</p>			2
7.	<p>- Legal persons (the notion of a legal person, its types). - Trade Associations and Associations.</p>	2	//////////	

8.	<p>- The object of civil legal relationship. -Send (notion of items). -Shipment of items (in movable and immovable items, in articles in circulation and out of circulation, public in limited circulation, consumable and consumable items, individualized and gender-determined items, replaceable and irreplaceable items, split and unbreakable items, simple and composite, main items and accessory, tubular items, bodily and non bodily, fruits). - Party and securities as items. - Personal rights (personality right of the author). -Attractions of people with a wealth of character.</p>			2
9.	<p>-The creation and extinction of legal-civil relations. - Legal Matters (the notion), legal evidence tube, legal fact division, natural events, people's actions, allowed and unlawful actions, acts of will.</p>	2	/////	
10.	<p>Civil rights rights - Absolute rights (right of ownership, servitude, pledge, property burden, construction right - Personal rights - Copyright (property rights and copyright) moral rights, the duration of copyright, the legal nature of copyright, - industrial property (invention, patents, licenses, trademarks and industrial designs) - relative rights (subjects of obligations, obligations, giving , doing, non-neglect, patience. - Obligations, contracts, cause of damage, non-legal enrichment, non-custom work, securities, public promise of reward.</p>	1	Repetition and debate about topics of the eight week.	1
11.	<p>-Passuria (the notion of property, property and possession, property characteristics, property unity, property identity, inheritance of property) -The allocation of</p>	2	////////	

	property subjects from property (death, confiscation, nationalization -Those subjective rights ( legal representation, legal person, legal entity, legal entity, legal entity, legal entity, legal entity, judicial person, proxy, proxy form, volume, excess, prolongation of the proxy , commercial business			
12.	- Legal work (notion of legal affairs, division of legal affairs, declaration of will, division of legal affairs - Formal and informal legal work - Legal work between living and dead - Unilateral and two-way legal work.	1	Exercises/hypothetic cases	1
13.	-The validity of legal affairs. - Absolute validity (causes, - the inability to act of the parties, the subject, the impermissible object, the inadmissible motive, the disrespect of the form). - Simulated legal works (the absolute invalidity of the consequences of absolute abolition, nullity search). - Relatively invalid legal matters (causes of relative invalidity, disability to act of parties, disclosure of the will of the defendant, threat, violence, deception, deception). Damage beyond measure.	2	/////	
14.	- The adoption, exercise and protection of subjective civil rights. - Derivative gain of subjective right, origin, translation transfer. - Subjective of subjective civil rights, abuse of rights. -Padia (also understanding the types of lawsuits in personal, claim, claim, denial, confession, condemnation, recognition, change. -Execution of subjective civil rights.	2		
15.	Repetition		Repetition of the Subject and exam propertition.	2

**LITERATURE:****Basic Literature:**

1. Andrija Gams: "Introduction to Civil Law", Prishtina, 1988
2. Abdullah Aliu: "Civil Law" Prishtina 20013
2. Abdullah Aliu: "The Right of Ownership", Prishtina, 2014
3. Ardian Nuni: Civil Rights, General Part, Tirana 200

**Remark****Remark for the Student:**

Students are obligated to respect of ethic and professional and academic rules, such as: keeping of silence in the classes, switching off the phones, coming on time in the classes, etc. Copy and other such deceptive phenomena will be punished according to the rules in power. Communication with students will be done mainly via email and by publishing in the objects of the university.