

# University of Prizren "Ukshin Hoti" –

## **Faculty of Law**

	COURSE SYLLABUS								
Master			Basic course information	e	Academic Year		2018/19		
Course			Or	ganized Cri	me				
Year Semeste r	II IV	Course status	Elective	Lectures:	Practical classes: 1	ECTS credits			4
Classes po	er week	15		Funds of ho	ours 30	Lectures Practica classes 30 15		asses	
Course description		The course will focus on creating opportunities for students to master and gain knowledge on Organized Crime. Students will be encouraged to be active participants in lectures through presentations or seminar papers. The method of delivery of the course will be interactive. However, other forms of contemporary teaching will be used to make this course accessible, clearer, and easier to students.						ons or active.	
Consultations		Students after each lecture will have the opportunity of consulting. Midterm and exam consultations will be after the announcement of the results both physically and through email.							
Course in	structor	Dr.Sc Arr Podvorica		Contact details: e-mail	armendi_537@hotmail.com				
Assistant				e-mail Tel.					

Course aims	Learning outcomes
The main aim of the course is to provide students	Upon the completion of the course students will be
with general knowledge of the forms of organized	able to:
crime and on the functioning of criminal	- understand the basic notions that relate to the
organizations dealing with organized crime. The	characteristics, format, causes, measures, and
obtained knowledge will help students in their	means for preventing and combating the
work in criminal justice institutions in	organization of crime.
detecting and investigating the organized crime	- distinguish forms of organized crime;
as a sophisticated criminal form.	- identify the characteristics of specific forms
Through this course, students will be informed	of organized crime;
about the characteristics of organized crime,	
regarding the forms of organized crime, the causes	
and ways of committing the crime, the criminal	

organizations, and their functioning, as well as the preventive and repressive measures that state institutions should undertake to prevent this form of criminality.

- apply the scientific knowledge of organized crime in the practice of combating and preventing this form of criminality.

#### **Methodology:**

Analysis, interactive discussion groups, practical work

#### **Conditions:**

Projector, laptop, internet, flip chart, and markers

			Grading scale	
Method		Percentage (%)	51 - 60 % 61 - 70 % 71 - 80 %	Six (6) Seven (7) Eight (8)
			81- 90% 91- 100 %	Nine (9) Ten (10)
Project work	1	5	Mid-term evaluation,	six (6)
Three mid-term exams 3		30	51 % pass rate	314 (0)
Presentations	1	5-10		
Participation and attendance	1	5		
Final exam 1		50		
Total		100		

## **Course requirements**

#### **Lectures:**

Students are required not only to attend lectures and practical classes regularly, but also to read additional literature related to this course.

#### **Practical classes:**

- Participate in debates, show scientific and legal professional language.

#### **Student workload**

Activity	Hour	Day/Week	Total:
Lecture	2	15	30
Theory/ lab work	1	15	15
Practical work			

Contact/consultation with the professor	0,5	15	7.5
Field work			
Test, seminar paper	0.5	15	7.5
Homework			
Self study (library / home )	3	15	30
Final preparation for exam	3	15	30
Assessment time (test, quiz, final exam)			
Projects, presentations, etc.			5
Total:			
			175

Week		Practione ca	-2- ( r week)	
1.	Content:	Hour	Topic	Hour
	- Review of the syllabus, course schedule and other important information for the course	2		1
2.	- Introduction of Organized crime - Methodology of styudy of Organized crime - Method of case study - Clinic method - Observation method - Survey and interview method - Statistical method - Statistical report about organized crime			
3.	<ul> <li>Characteristics of organized crime</li> <li>Organized crime and criminal group as an international dimension.</li> <li>Organized crime as a part of state legislation</li> <li>Organized crime according to the criminal legislation of Republic of Kosovo</li> </ul>			
4.	<ul> <li>The relation between organized crime and other forms of criminality</li> <li>The relation between organized crime and white collar crime</li> <li>The relation between organized crime and violence criminality</li> <li>The relation between organized crime and corruption</li> <li>The relation between organized crime and terrorism</li> </ul>			
5.	Theories about organized crime - Theory of conspiracy - The inadequacy theory - Group theory			

	<ul> <li>The theory of social disorganization</li> <li>The theory of cultural conflicts and differences</li> <li>The anomie theory</li> <li>The theory of interaction and labeling theory</li> </ul>		
6.	<ul> <li>Criminal organizations in the United States of America</li> <li>History of organized crime in the USA</li> <li>The American Cosa Nostra</li> </ul>		
7.	<ul> <li>Criminal organizations in Italy</li> <li>The Sicilian mafia, Ndranghenta, Camorra, Sacra Corona Unita</li> <li>The Japanese Mafia – Yakuza</li> <li>The Chinese mafia – Triada</li> <li>The Columbian Cartel</li> <li>The Russian Mafia</li> </ul>		
8.	Intermediary test 1 Group discussions		
9.	-The forms of organized crime - Contraband with narcotics - Trafficking in human beings - The armed contraband - Migrant smuggling - Smuggling of legitimate goods - Trade with works of art and national culture - Money laundering - Falsification of money		
10.	<ul> <li>Political criminality</li> <li>Political terrorism, purpose, and modes of delivery</li> <li>Forms of terrorism</li> <li>The economic criminality</li> <li>The cybercrime criminality</li> </ul>		
11.	<ul> <li>Factors of organized crimes</li> <li>Economic crisis and depression</li> <li>Social-political conflicts</li> <li>Consequences of War</li> <li>Media and crime</li> <li>Extreme religious sects</li> </ul>		

12.			
	Fighting and preventing organized crime		
	-International measures for combating and preventing organized crime		
	- Measures to combat and prevent organized crime in the		
	United States		
	<ul><li>Measures to combat and prevent organized crime in Italy</li><li>Measures to combat and prevent organized crime in Albania</li></ul>		
	readures to comoun und provent organized crime in recaind		
12			
13.	- Mesaures against organized crime –(prevention mesaures) in the		
	Republic of Kosovo		
	- Criminal Code and Criminal Procedure Code of the Republic of Kosovo		
	- The special laws in the field of combating and preventing organized		
	crime.		
14.	-State Strategies of the Republic of Kosovo against organized	2	1
	crime		
	- Measures and other means of combating and preventing		
	organized crime		
15.			
15.	Final exam		

#### LITERATURE

#### **Primary literature:**

Dr.Rexhep Gashi, Organized crime (authorized lectures), Prishtinë, 2014 Dr. Zamir Poda, Organized crime, Tiranë, 1998

### **Secondary literature:**

Gashi, R.: Preventing and combating organized crime according to criminal legislation of Kosovo. Journal- Law, Prishtinë, 2010

Criminal Code of the Republic of Kosovo, Prishtinë, 2013.

Criminal Procedure Code of the Republic of Kosovo, Prishtinë, 2013.

Law No 03/L 196 on the Prevention of Money Laundering and Terrorist, Official Gazette of the Republic of Kosovo, No. 85, Prishtinë, 2010.

State Strategy of the Republic of Kosovo on crime prevention action plan, 2009-2012, Prishtinë, 2009.

Academic policies and the code of conduct
Academic policies and the code of conduct
Students are expected to be punctual, show respect for their course instructor and their peers.

Prizren,

Dr.sc Armend Podvorica, Professor