

# University of Prizren "Ukshin Hoti" – Faculty of Law

COURSE SYLLABUS									
Master			Basic cour information		Academic Y	Year   2018/19		/19	
Course			Vi	ctimology					
Year	Ш	Course status	Elective	Lectures: 2	Practical <b>ECT</b>		TC .	4	
Semeste r	V	status	Elective	Lectures: 2	classes: 1			4	
Classes per week		15		Funds of hours 45				Practical classes	
Classes per week						30		15	
Course description		The course will focus on creating opportunities for students to master and gain knowledge on Victimology. Students will be encouraged to be active participants in lectures through presentations or seminar papers. The method of delivery of the course will be interactive. However, other forms of contemporary teaching will be used to make this course accessible, clearer, and easier to students.						ncouraged minar e.	
Consultations		Students after each lecture will have the opportunity of consulting. Midterm and exam consultations will be after the announcement of the results, both physically and through email.							
Course instructor		Dr.Sc Arn Podvorica		Contact details: e-mail	armendi 537@hotmail.com			com	
Assistant				e-mail Tel.					

Course aims	Learning outcomes
students with general knowledge of the causes and forms of victimization as well as measures aimed at combating and preventing their victimization.  The obtained knowledge will serve students in their work in criminal justice institutions such as police, prosecution, courts, correctional institutions and victim protection centers, to understand the forms of victim's, the causes and preventive measures that should be taken to prevent victimization.	Upon the completion of the course students will be able to: -Have basic knowledge of the subject of Victimology and to apply them to practical life; -Understand the fundamental notions that relate to forms, causes, and prevention of victimization; -Understand the status of the victim and the measures to be taken for treatment; -Apply the scientific knowledge of Victimology in the practice of combating and preventing victimization.

### **Methodology:**

Analysis, interactive discussion groups, practical work

#### **Conditions:**

Projector, laptop, internet, flip chart, and markers

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Method		Percentage (%)	51 - 60 % 61 - 70 % 71 - 80 %	Six (6) Seven (7) Eight (8)
			81- 90% 91- 100 %	Nine (9) Ten (10)
Project work	1	5	Mid-term evaluation,	six (6)
Three mid-term exams	3	30	51 % pass rate	
Presentations	1	5-10		
Participation and attendance	1	5		
Final exam	1	50		
Total		100		

# **Course requirements**

#### **Lectures:**

Students are required not only to attend lectures and practical classes regularly, but also to read additional literature related to this course.

#### **Practical classes:**

- Participate in debates, show scientific and legal professional language.

#### Student workload

Activity	Hour	Day/Week	Total:
Lecture	2	15	30
Theory/ lab work	1	15	15
Practical work			
Contact/consultation with the professor	0,5	15	7.5
Field work			
Test, seminar paper	0.5	15	7.5
Homework			
Self study (library / home )	3	15	30
Final preparation for exam	3	15	30
Assessment time (test, quiz, final exam)			
Projects, presentations, etc.			5
Total:			
			175

Week		Practical classes -2- ( one case study per week)			
1.	Content:	Hour	Topic	Hour	
	- Review of the syllabus, course schedule and other important information for the course	2		1	
2.					
-	<ul> <li>The definition of Victimology as a sience</li> <li>Early ideas about victims and Victimilogy as a sience</li> <li>The role and importance of Word Society of Victimology</li> </ul>				
3.	<ul> <li>The study and research methods of Victimology</li> <li>Case study method</li> <li>Observation method</li> <li>Clinc method</li> <li>Survey and interview method</li> <li>Analytic method</li> <li>Statistical method</li> <li>Self accusation method</li> <li>Self victimization method</li> </ul>				
4.	<ul> <li>The relation between Victimology and other siences</li> <li>Victimology and specific disipline of victimology</li> <li>The relation between Victimology and other penal sciences</li> <li>The relation between Victimology and Civil Law</li> <li>The role of Victimology as a science</li> <li>Theories about the victim and victimization</li> <li>Anthropology- Biology theory</li> <li>Psychological theory</li> <li>Sociological theory</li> </ul>				
5.	<ul> <li>The meaning of victimological phenomenology</li> <li>Definition of victim phenomenon</li> <li>Other definitions of the victim notion</li> <li>The intent and dynamics of victim victimisation</li> <li>Classification and typology of victims</li> <li>Critical view of the classification and typologies of victims</li> <li>The forms of victims in contemporary society</li> <li>Victims of crimes of violence against life</li> <li>Victims of murder crimes</li> <li>Victims of domestic violence</li> </ul>				

	- Older people and parents as victims of domestic violence		
6.	<ul> <li>Victims of war crime and crimes against civil people</li> <li>Victims of terrorism crimes</li> <li>Victims of public traffic crimes</li> <li>Victims of human trafficking crimes</li> <li>Victims of alcohol abuse and narcotic substances</li> <li>Victims of the AIDS epidemic</li> <li>Victims of environmental pollution and ecological criminality</li> </ul>		
7.	Intermediary test 1 Group discussions		
8.	-The factors or causes of victimization - Etiology of victimisation - External factors of victimization - Internal factors of victimization		
9.	<ul> <li>Victims Rights</li> <li>Early approaches to victims' rights</li> <li>Attempts and efforts of international organizations to regulate and protect the rights of victims</li> <li>The rights of victims and their protection under the basic principles and the annex to the UN Declaration of 1985</li> <li>Rights and protection of victims according to conventions and other recommendations</li> <li>The rights of victims and their protection under some positive laws</li> </ul>		
10.	<ul> <li>Help and protection of victims of crimes</li> <li>Help and protection of vitims during primary victimization</li> <li>Help and protection of victims in police procedure</li> <li>Help and protection of victims in criminal proceedings</li> <li>First aid, housing and food of victims of crimes</li> <li>Support physical security of victims of crimes and their family members</li> </ul>		
11.	<ul> <li>Compensation of victims of crimes</li> <li>The meaning of compensation - indemnity</li> <li>The types and sources of compensation</li> <li>Problems related to compensation of victims</li> </ul>		

12.	<ul> <li>Measures to prevent victimization</li> <li>Social-economic mesaures</li> <li>Measures for training and increasing the efficiency of state bodies for the protection of victims</li> <li>Measures of various agencies and organizations</li> <li>Other measures</li> </ul>		
13.	<ul> <li>Mediation and restorative justice</li> <li>The meaning of restorative justice</li> <li>Historical analysis about restorative justice</li> <li>Charachteristics of restorative justice in criminal cases</li> </ul>		
14.	Phases of the implementation of restorative justice or mediation  - Basic principles of restorative justice or mediation  - A critical review of restorative justice or mediation  - Mediation under the Code of Criminal Procedure of Kosovo	2	1
15.	Final exam		

#### LITERATURE

## **Primary literature:**

Dr.sc. Ragip Halili, Victimology, Prishtinë, 2011

## **Secondary literature:**

Dr.Rexhep Gashi, Punitive policies against blood delicts in Kosovo during the period 1980-1989", Prishtinë, 2003.

## Academic policies and the code of conduct

Students are expected to be punctual, show respect for their course instructor and their peers.

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Dr.sc Armend Podvorica, Professor