

Subject Syllabus form

| The basic case data | |
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| The academic unit: | Law Faculty |
| Subject title: | Criminal Law II |
| Level | Bachelor |
| Subject status: | Obligatory |
| Year of studies: | II |
| Number of hours per week: | 3 |
| Credits ECTS: | 7 Credits |
| Time/location: | Fakulteti Juridik- Law Faculty |
| The teacher of subject: | Safet Krasniqi |
| Contacts details: | Safet.krasniqi@uni-prizren.com |
| Description of subject | -The criminal law,(special part) as a branch of positive law deals with the study of special part of penal Code.With Penal Code of Republic of Kosovo are specified ceiminal offenses separately ,measures that can be implemented against perpetratos and criminal sanctions. The purpose of studying this subject is their clarification and implementation in court practice. |
| The purpose of subject | -The purpose of studying legal and scientific discipline is to offer to students basic informations about the structure of criminal offenses separately that are an integral part of the penal code. |
| The expected results of teaching: | -After the ending of studying this subject,is expected from students to understand for, -The role of the criminal law in social life,the basic elements of the criminal law,the criminal responsibility ,degree of criminal responsibility and criminal sanction. The connection of the Republic of Kosovo for criminal right and criminal code where the legal norms has the source that determine the rules of behavior of people in society,and criminal sanctions. The protection of the general good through preventive measures and criminal sanctions. |

| Contribution to student workload (which should correspond with results of student learning) | | | |
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| Activity: | Time | Day/ Week | Total |
| Lectures | 3 | 15 | 45 |
| Theoretical exercises/laboratory | 2 | 15 | 30 |
| Practical work | | | |
| Contacts with the teacher/consultations | 0.5 | 15 | 7.5 |
| Field exercises | | | |
| /first evaluation/seminar | 0.5 | 15 | 7.5 |
| Home work | | | |
| Student self-study time(in the library or at home) | 3 | 15 | 45 |
| The last preparation for exam | 2 | 15 | 30 |
| Time spent in evaluation (final tests,quiz,exam) | | | 5 |
| Projects,presentations etc. | | | 5 |
| Total | | | 175 |
| The methodology of teaching | <p>- Active teaching method is the method of defining basic principles of criminal law,clarification of legal provisions and their implementation in the legal system in Republic of Kosovo.</p> <p>- The interactive teaching method-is the contemporary method of acquiring knowledge for teaching subject. This can be realised through conversations,exercises,teamwork etc.throughout semester.This method is realised through new educational processes in Europe.</p> <p>In new circumstances it is not just about education but even about educational education.The teaching and learning are two concepts that are inseparable from each other.</p> <p>-Historical method is important to explain the genesis of the principles and institutes of criminal law.</p> <p>- The method of cases study-is the method that helps in an easier explanation and understanding of criminal law</p> | | |

institutes that is essentially judicial practice. This method is a good basis for the future of student work that are defined to work in the justice system.

- *Comperative method and method of analysis are methods that enabling the expansion of horizons of knowledge and at the same time the theoretical and practical completion of the subject. These two methods ,enable the analysis and synthesis of criminal law institutes ,enabling students to gain the knowledge to pose problems for solutions.*
- *Sociological method-the study of phenomena and social occurrences by the legal aspect.*

Differen phenomena risk the positive way of legal rules. In this aspect the way of institutions of criminal law is incorporated in the penal code.

- Interpretation and reference of legal norms*

Communication, conversation and giving opinions during meeting time and practical work in basic courts, the prosecution etc. Is an important part of understanding the main part of the subject.

Evaluation methods:

| Grade | ECTS grade | Points | Definition |
|--------------|-------------------|---------------|--|
| 10 | A | 91-100% | EXCELLENT <i>Exellent knowledge only with some minor mistakes</i> |
| 9 | B | 81-90% | VERY GOOD- <i>Above the standard average but only with some mistakes</i> |
| 8 | C | 71-80% | GOOD-good result <i>in general with only some mistakes that are</i> |

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| | | | <i>visible</i> |
| 7 | D | 61-70% | SATISFACTORY-Good, but with enough mistakes |
| 6 | E | 51-60% | ENOUGH- Results that fill the minimum criteria |
| 5* | FX | 40-50% | <i>WEAK-Only a little work is required from the student to earn credits</i> |
| 5 | F | 00-39% | <i>WEAK-is required too much work to earn credits</i> |

Literature

Basic literature:

- Criminal Law of Republic of Kosovo, Prishtina, 2019
- The code of juvenile justice, 2018
- Ismet Salihu: Penal Code-special part, Prishtina, 2014
- Ismet Salihu, H. Zhitia, F. Hasani: Commentary-Penal code of Republic of Kosovo, Prishtina, 2019
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Additional literature:

- Vlado Kambovski: Kazneno pravo - Poseben del, 1997, Shkup
- Ismet Elezi: Criminal law –special part Tirana, 20009

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| | - <i>International Review of Penal Law/ Revue Internationale de Droit Penal (AIDP/IAPL).</i> |
| The designed plan of teaching: | |
| Week | The lectura that will be taken |
| First week: | -CRIMINAL CODE,SPECIAL PART OF UNDERSTANDING,THE OBJECT OF STUDY,SIMILARITIES AND DIFFERENCES WITH CRIMINAL LAW,THE GENERAL PART |
| Second week: | -OFFENSES AGAINST CONSTITUTIONAL ORDER AND SECURITY OF REPUBLIC OF KOSOVO CRIMINAL ACTIONS AGAINST HUMANITY AND THE CALUES PROTECTED BY NATIONAL LAW |
| Third week: | -CRIMINAL ACTIONS AGAINST LIFE AND BODY |
| Fourth week: | CRIMINAL ACTIONS AGAINST FREEDOMS AND THE RIGHTS OF HUMAN CRIMINAL ACTIONS AGAINST THE VOTING RIGHTS |
| Fifth week: | -CRIMINAL ACTIONS AGAINST THE WORK RELATIONS CRIMINAL ACTIONS AGAINST SEXUAL INTEGRITY |
| Sixth week: | CRIMINAL ACTIONS AGAINST MARRIAGE AND FAMILY CRIMINAL ACTIONS AGAINST PUBLIC HEALTH |
| Seventh week: | The first evaluation |
| Eighth week: | -CRIMINAL ACTIONS AGAINST NARCOTICS -ORGANIZED CRIME -CRIMINAL ACTIONS AGAINST ECONOMY |
| Ninth week: | -CRIMINAL ACTIONS AGAINST MUNICIPAL SERVICES -CRIMINAL ACTIONS AGAINST PROPERTY -CRIMINAL ACTIONS AGAINST ENVIRONMENT,ANIMALS -PLANTS AND CULTURAL OBJECTS |
| Tenth week: | - CRIMINAL LAW AGAINST GENERAL SECURITY OF PEOPLE AND PROPERTY |
| Eleventh week: | -CRIMINAL ACTIONS OF WEAPONS |
| Twelfth week: | -CRIMINAL ACTIONS AGAINST PUBLIC TRAFFIS SAFETY -CRIMINAL ACTIONS AGAINST ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION |

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| Thirteenth week: | -CRIMINAL ACTIONS AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER OFFICIAL CORRUPTION AND CRIMINAL ACTIONS AGAINST OFFICIAL DUTY |
| The fourteenth week: | -TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS CONNECTED WITH JURISDICTION AND POWERS OF EULEX JUDGES AND PROSECUTORS |
| Fifteenth week: | <input type="checkbox"/> Second evaluation |

Academic policies and rules of courtesy: